

**YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
AND WATER CONSERVATION
DISTRICT,
CALIFORNIA**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TOGETHER WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
APRIL 30, 2014**

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Annual Financial Report
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

Table of Contents

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
List of Officials.	i
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report.	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited).	4-9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position.	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.	11
Statement of Cash Flows.	12-13
Notes to Basic Financial Statements.	14-25
OTHER REPORT	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.	26-27

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- **List of Officials**

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Board of Directors
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

Ron Tadlock. Chair
Ann T. Brice. Vice Chair
Erick Vink. Director
Bruce Rominger Director
James Mayer. Director

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

FINANCIAL SECTION

- **Independent Auditor's Report**
- **Management's Discussion and Analysis**
- **Basic Financial Statements**

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District
Woodland, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the proprietary fund of Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, Woodland, California (District) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Board of Directors
Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District
Woodland, California

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the proprietary fund of the District as of April 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 10 to the financial statements, in 2014, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 60, 61, and 66. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

The financial statements include summarized prior year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2013, from which such partial information was derived.

We have previously audited the District's April 30, 2013, financial statements and our report, dated August 6, 2013, expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the proprietary funds. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended April 30, 2013, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Information

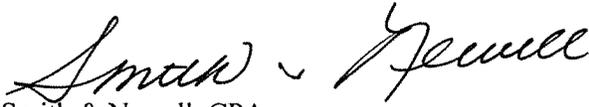
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

To the Board of Directors
Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District
Woodland, California

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 21, 2014 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Smith & Newell, CPAs
Yuba City, California
July 21, 2014

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

**Management's Discussion and Analysis
(Unaudited)**

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For The Year Ended April 30, 2014

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements, and Notes to the Financial Statements. Management's Discussion and Analysis provides a narrative of the District's financial performance and activities for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2014 and 2013. The basic Financial Statements provide a broader overview of the District's finances. The Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Basic Financial Statements.

The basic financial statements consist of three statements:

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the two most recent fiscal years. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Certain revenues and expenses are reported in this statement that will result in cash flows in future periods.

The *Statement of Cash Flows* present information showing how the District's cash changed during the two most recent fiscal years. It shows the sources and uses of cash.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The following table summarizes the Statement of Net Position for the fiscal years ending April 30, 2014 and 2013:

	April 30,		\$ Change	% Change
	2014	2013		
Current assets	\$ 6,119,328	\$ 6,719,674	\$ (600,346)	-9%
Capital assets	23,960,766	24,361,270	(400,504)	-2%
Total Assets	30,080,094	31,080,944	(1,000,850)	-3%
Current liabilities	560,008	911,962	(351,954)	-39%
Long-term liabilities	3,389,922	3,572,606	(182,684)	-5%
Total Liabilities	3,949,930	4,484,568	(534,638)	-12%
Net invested in capital assets	20,436,925	20,675,718	(238,793)	-1%
Unrestricted	5,693,239	5,920,658	(227,419)	-4%
Total Net Position	\$ 26,130,164	\$ 26,596,376	\$ (466,212)	-2%

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For The Year Ended April 30, 2014

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Changes to current assets include:	
Cash and Investments	\$ (330,682)
Accounts Receivable	(299,492)
Prepaid Costs	(616)
Inventory	30,444
	\$ (600,346)
Changes to current liabilities include:	
Accounts Payable	\$ (70,348)
Salaries and Benefits Payable	8,121
Customer Deposits	(115,883)
Unearned Revenue	(175,376)
Current Portion of Accrued Vacation & CTO	(2,835)
Current Portion of Loans Payable	4,367
	\$ (351,954)
Changes to Long-term Liabilities include:	
Long-term Portion of Accrued Vacation	\$ (16,606)
Loans Payable	(166,078)
	\$ (182,684)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The following table summarizes the changes in net position for the fiscal years ending April 30, 2014 and 2013:

Change in Net Position:	April 30,		<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		
Operating Revenues	\$ 2,965,751	\$ 4,593,381	\$ (1,627,630)	-35%
Operating Expenses	(3,620,646)	(3,799,439)	178,793	-5%
Depreciation	(826,797)	(872,493)	45,696	-5%
	(1,481,692)	(78,551)	(1,403,141)	1786%
Non-Operating Revenue from Property Taxes	964,222	908,970	55,252	6%
Other Non-Operating Revenues	376,619	1,119,483	(742,864)	-66%
Non-Operating Expenses	(325,361)	(1,293,523)	968,162	-75%
	1,015,480	734,930	280,550	38%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(466,212)	656,379	(1,122,591)	-171%
Total net position, beginning	26,596,376	25,939,997	656,379	3%
Total net position, ending	\$ 26,130,164	\$ 26,596,376	\$ (466,212)	-2%

Total operating revenues of \$2,965,751 are a decrease of approximately 35% from the prior year, and just \$23,351 over budget. The main driver of revenues is water sales.

Revenues from water sales were \$2,774,470 which is also 35% less than the prior year. This decrease was due to the shortage of stored water attributed to the ongoing California drought. Total water sales consisted of 105,000 acre-feet of agricultural water and 4,300 acre-feet of non-agricultural water sales. The rates were \$24.00 per acre-foot and \$57.00 per acre-foot respectively. The 2013 water year started with an allocation of 1.5 acre-feet of water per acre. This allocation was eventually increased to 1.8 acre-feet per acre.

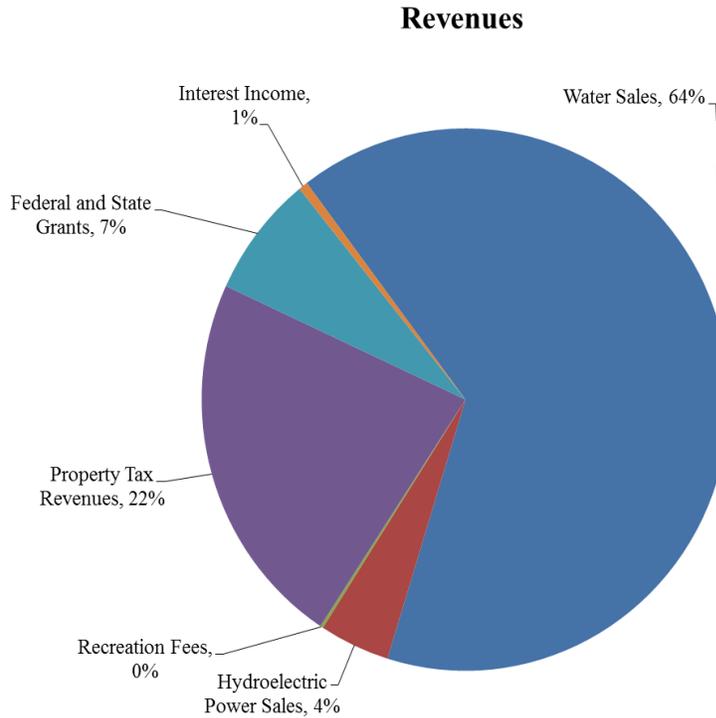
**YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For The Year Ended April 30, 2014**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Pacific Gas & Electric paid the District for 3,622,600 KWH of hydroelectric power production from the Indian Valley Hydroelectric facility. This generated net revenue of \$183,641 after deductions for scheduling fees. This was \$132,612 less than the prior fiscal year and less than budgeted. The District also paid out another \$17,500 in scheduling fees when no power was being produced.

Non-operating revenues from the District's share of the Yolo County property tax distribution was \$964,222 plus \$8,581 in HOPTR funds.

The District also received \$277,648 in grant funds from the California Department of Water Resources relating to the Proposition 50 Sacramento Westside IRWMP which were used to off-set expenses relating to the program. FEMA funds in the amount of \$33,291 were also received as final payment from the 2006 flood damage claims.

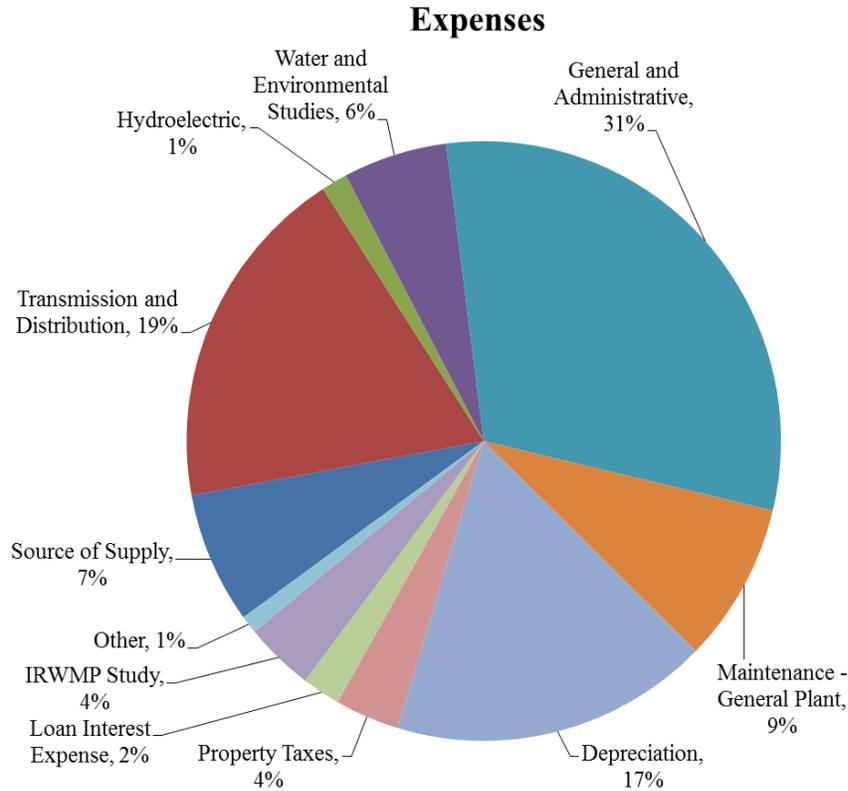


Total operating expenses of \$4,447,443 are approximately 5% less than the prior year and \$92,280 less than budgeted for the fiscal year. This includes \$826,797 in depreciation expense.

Non-operating expenses included the State Water Resources Control Board's loan interest payment of \$99,510, IRWMP project expenses of \$179,457, and \$32,253 in write-down of prior period capitalized project costs.

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For The Year Ended April 30, 2014

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)



CAPITAL ASSETS

The following table summarizes the changes in net capital assets between fiscal year 2014 and 2013:

	April 30,		<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and Land Rights	\$ 3,123,211	\$ 3,123,211	\$ -	0%
Construction in progress	695,132	583,388	111,744	19%
	<u>3,818,343</u>	<u>3,706,599</u>	<u>111,744</u>	<u>3%</u>
Capital assets being depreciated				
Sources of Supply	19,332,905	19,332,905	-	0%
Transmission and Distribution Plant	11,984,207	11,836,556	147,651	1%
General Plant	4,355,015	4,208,901	146,114	3%
	<u>35,672,127</u>	<u>35,378,362</u>	<u>293,765</u>	<u>1%</u>
Accumulated Depreciation	(15,529,704)	(14,723,691)	(806,013)	5%
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 23,960,766</u>	<u>\$ 24,361,270</u>	<u>\$ (400,504)</u>	<u>-2%</u>

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For The Year Ended April 30, 2014

CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

<u>Completed Capital Jobs:</u>	<u>Job #</u>		
Canal Heading Automated Gate - MOR0400H	C-3333-001	\$	35,114
Canal Heading Gate Actuators - WIN0895H & WIN0895A	C-3334-001		54,867
Check with Pipe Crossing - CLV0450	C-3362-001		8,524
Gate Replacement, Canal Headgate - WEA0000H	C-3366-001		4,450
Pipe Crossing - YOC0595	C-3363-001		32,994
Pipe Replacement, 24" Delivery Pipe - YOC0594L	C-3365-001		6,850
Pump Delivery Turnout Installation, 24" - ESA0076R	C-3358-001		6,539
Pump Delivery Turnout Installation, 24" - YOC0594L	C-3365-001		5,977
Pump Flowmeter Connections - WEA0037LP, WEA0113LP, WEA0114LP	C-3344-001		11,561
Roof Repairs to Headquarters Building	C-3357-001		39,696
SCADA - Real-time Groundwater Level Stations (3)	C-3356-001		28,782
			235,354
 <u>Purchases:</u>			
TV / Monitor, Vizio 80"			3,995
Service Body addition to vehicle #5267			7,014
Pickup Trucks - 3			73,635
Torch, Thermal Dynamics Cutmaster 82 Plasma Cutter			2,075
			86,719
 <u>Assets Sold or Disposed:</u>			
Kawasaki Mule 4x4			(8,159)
Western Mule Crane			(2,360)
Torches & Plasma Cutters			(5,415)
Table & Band Saws			(2,732)
Misc Tables			(1,977)
Various gates, checks, drains removed/replaced			(7,665)
			(28,308)
TOTAL		\$	293,765
 <u>Current Construction in Progress:</u>			
Cache Creek Dam Hydroelectric Investigation	C-3355-001		23,678
Check & Pipe Crossing - CLV0040	C-3367-001		10,876
Check & Pipe Crossing - CLV0550	C-3360-001		9,364
Check & Turnout Improvements - GIB0320	C-3370-001		8,272
Check Structure Improvements - YOC0220	C-3372-001		13,846
Fairfield Canal Heading Improvement Project - WIL2377H	C-3296		19,143
Gate, Pipe & Turnout Installation - CLV0550L	C-3359-001		8,639
Headgate Improvements - WEA1055H	C-3361-001		28,527
Indian Valley Hydroelectric - CAISO Meter	C-3337-001		61,413
Indian Valley Turbine & Generator Replacement	C-3231-002,003,004		88,320
Moore Siphon Rehabilitation Project (Engineering)	C-3232-002		1,583
Pipe & Turnout Replacement - HIN0050	C-3369-001		4,892
Pipe Crossing Replacement - SOF0551	C-3368-001		6,335
Pipe Replacement & Check Repairs - COW0590	C-3373-001		13,751
Pump Delivery Turnout Installation - WIN0050R	C-3329-001		2,750
Reservoir Investigation & Land Purchase - Forbes Reservoir - WIN0603	C-3312-001		215,749
SCADA - Radio Frequency Migration	C-3205-007,015		37,615
Winters Canal - Flumes & Siphons Assessment	C-3267		81,733
WUE Grant Project - Winters Canal Modernization	C-2000		58,646
TOTAL		\$	695,133
 <u>Write-down of Construction in Progress projects:</u>			
Knight Reservoir Investigations		\$	(32,353)
TOTAL		\$	(32,353)

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For The Year Ended April 30, 2014

GROUNDWATER REPLENISHMENT

To attach a value to the District's groundwater recharge activities, the District developed a process to account for and value the District's groundwater recharge component each year. The Groundwater Replenishment Value (GRV) is basically the value of the District's water losses in Yolo County over a fiscal year. The water losses are the difference between the water supply and water sales. The water supply figure is considered to be the larger of the District's releases from storage and the diversions at Capay Dam. The sales figure is the total reported sales in Yolo County. Once the acre-feet of water loss is determined, the figure is multiplied by the average cost of water per acre-foot for the fiscal year. The GRV value for the current year was \$805,528.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The District's Board approved an operating budget at its regular May 2014 meeting. The approved operating expense budget for the fiscal year 2014-2015 is \$3,945,059 with an additional \$106,944 in non-operating expenses. With projected revenues of only \$2,308,800 the District has a budget deficit of \$1,743,203.

Agricultural water sales are normally the major revenue driver in the budget. No agricultural water sales were budgeted for fiscal year 2014-2015 due to insufficient amounts of stored water in both Indian Valley Reservoir and Clear Lake.

The main revenue will be from property taxes with \$927,000 included in the revenue budget. Also included is \$600,000 in funds to be received from the sale of property in approximately August 2014.

The District has received a Water Use Efficiency Grant award from the California Department of Water Resources to provide funding from the Proposition 50, Water Security, Clean Drinking Water, Coastal and Beach Protection Act of 2002. These grant funds will be used to fund the Winters Canal Modernization Project and the District has included \$300,000 in grant revenue in the current budget.

The District is also anticipating the implementation of a shared services contract with city and county agencies and has included funds expected from this contract in the amount of \$171,000.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Financial Supervisor, Yolo County Flood Control & Water Conservation District, 34274 State Highway 16, and Woodland, CA 95695.

Basic Financial Statements

- **Fund Financial Statements**

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position

April 30, 2014

(With Comparative Totals for April 30, 2013)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 5,822,456	\$ 6,153,138
Receivables:		
Accounts receivable, net	91,525	391,017
Prepaid costs	65,090	65,706
Inventory	<u>140,257</u>	<u>109,813</u>
Total Current Assets	<u>6,119,328</u>	<u>6,719,674</u>
Noncurrent Assets:		
Non-depreciable capital assets	3,818,343	3,706,599
Depreciable capital assets (net)	<u>20,142,423</u>	<u>20,654,671</u>
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>23,960,766</u>	<u>24,361,270</u>
Total Assets	<u>30,080,094</u>	<u>31,080,944</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	181,422	251,770
Salaries and benefits payable	25,422	17,301
Deposits payable	83,325	199,208
Unearned revenue	28,236	203,612
Compensated absences	75,525	78,360
Loans payable	<u>166,078</u>	<u>161,711</u>
Total Current Liabilities	<u>560,008</u>	<u>911,962</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Compensated absences, net of current portion	32,159	48,765
Loans Payable, net of current portion	<u>3,357,763</u>	<u>3,523,841</u>
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>3,389,922</u>	<u>3,572,606</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>3,949,930</u>	<u>4,484,568</u>
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	20,436,925	20,675,718
Unrestricted	<u>5,693,239</u>	<u>5,920,658</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 26,130,164</u>	<u>\$ 26,596,376</u>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014
(With Comparative Totals for April 30, 2013)

	2014	2013
OPERATING REVENUES		
Water sales	\$ 2,774,470	\$ 4,264,567
Hydroelectric power sales	183,641	316,253
Recreation fees	7,640	12,561
Total Operating Revenues	2,965,751	4,593,381
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Source of supply	338,554	432,710
Transmission and distribution	897,264	869,437
Environmental resources	92,899	19,894
Flood control activities	-	1,006
Hydroelectric	68,090	70,250
General and administrative	1,467,493	1,549,836
Maintenance - general plant	412,190	415,600
Water studies	176,911	273,414
Depreciation	826,797	872,493
Property taxes	167,245	167,292
Total Operating Expenses	4,447,443	4,671,932
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,481,692)	(78,551)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Property taxes	964,222	908,970
Federal and state grants	310,939	832,934
IRWMP Study	(179,457)	(672,747)
Interest income	23,696	19,306
Interest expense	(99,510)	(102,915)
Annexation charges	-	143,282
(Loss) gain on disposal of assets	(1,658)	(31,188)
Write down of capitalized project costs	(32,253)	(474,407)
Other non-operating revenue	41,984	123,961
Other non-operating expense	(12,483)	(12,266)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	1,015,480	734,930
Change in Net Position	(466,212)	656,379
Total Net Position - Beginning	26,596,376	25,939,997
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 26,130,164	\$ 26,596,376

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

(With Comparative Totals for April 30, 2013)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,973,984	\$ 4,323,328
Cash paid to suppliers	(2,302,640)	(2,297,528)
Cash paid to employees	(1,429,502)	(1,559,781)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(758,158)	466,019
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Property Taxes	964,222	908,970
Federal and state grants	310,939	832,934
IRWMP Study	(179,457)	(672,747)
Annexation charges	-	143,282
Other non-operating revenue	41,984	123,961
Other non-operating expenses	(12,483)	(12,266)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	1,125,205	1,324,134
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(468,375)	(524,651)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	8,171	20,276
Principal paid on debt	(161,711)	(158,306)
Interest paid on debt	(99,510)	(102,915)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(721,425)	(765,596)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received on investments	23,696	19,306
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	23,696	19,306
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(330,682)	1,043,863
Balance - Beginning	6,153,138	5,109,275
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance - Ending	\$ 5,822,456	\$ 6,153,138
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

(With Comparative Totals for April 30, 2013)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,481,692)	\$ (78,551)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	826,797	872,493
Decrease (increase) in:		
Accounts receivable	299,492	(169,962)
Prepaid costs	616	(3,514)
Inventory	(30,444)	36,294
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	(70,348)	(113,244)
Salaries and benefits payable	8,121	8,313
Deposits payable	(115,883)	(192,756)
Unearned revenue	(175,376)	92,665
Compensated absences	(19,441)	14,281
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>\$ (758,158)</u>	<u>\$ 466,019</u>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Basic Financial Statements

- **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District was formed July 1, 1951 under the provisions of the State of California, General Law 9307, Statutes of 1951, Chapter 1647 to provide irrigation water and flood control. The District is governed by a five member Board of Directors who are appointed by the Yolo County Board of Supervisors for alternating four-year terms. The District currently provides irrigation water to approximately 58,000 acres of agricultural land.

The District manages a small hydroelectric plant, two reservoirs, more than 150 miles of canals and laterals, and three dams including the world's longest inflatable rubber dam.

The District's boundaries cover 195,000 acres of Yolo County, including the Cities of Woodland, Davis and Winters, and the towns of Capay, Esparto, Madison, and other small communities within the Capay Valley.

Generally accepted accounting principles require government financial statements to include the primary government and its component units. Component units of a governmental entity are legally separate entities for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the combined financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is considered to be financially accountable if it appoints a majority of an organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

Component Units

Based on the application of the criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, management has determined that there are no component units of the District.

Joint Agencies

The District is a member of the Association of California Water Agencies - Joint Powers Insurance Authority (JPIA). The JPIA began operations on October 1, 1979, and has continued without interruption since that time. The JPIA is composed of member water agencies and is governed by a board of directors appointed by the member districts. The governing board has authority over budget and financing. The JPIA is empowered to bill for and recover the amount of any deficit at the end of the fiscal year in which it occurs should further contributions on the part of the deficit member be insufficient to cure the deficit. Complete audited financial statements can be obtained at the Agency's office: 2100 Professional Drive, Roseville, California, 95661-3700. The District is not financially accountable for this organization and therefore it is not a component unit under Statement Nos. 14, 39 and 61 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation

Fund financial statements of the District are organized into one fund, which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenses. The fund of the District is organized into the proprietary category and is treated as a major fund.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

- The Operating Fund is an enterprise fund used to account for activity related to providing customers with water for both irrigation and flood control to the surrounding community.

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange include revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and investments consist of cash on hand, cash held in a bank checking account, cash on deposit in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), and cash pooled in the Yolo County Treasurer's pool. Investments are stated at fair value. Investments in LAIF and in the Yolo County Treasurer's pool are highly liquid deposits.

Funds deposited in LAIF are invested in accordance with Government Code Sections 16430 and 16480. Oversight of LAIF is provided by the Pooled Money Investment Board whose members are the California State Treasurer, California Director of Finance and the California State Controller.

Funds deposited in the Yolo County Treasurer's pool are invested in accordance with the California State Government Code and the County investment policy. The County has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with Article 6 Section 27131 of the California Government Code. The oversight committee and the Board of Supervisors review and approve the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the members of the oversight committee and the investment pool participants every month. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual cost and fair value.

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with original maturity of three months or less and amounts held in LAIF and in the Yolo County Treasurer's investment pool to be cash and cash equivalents.

E. Receivables

Receivables consist mainly of amounts due for water service charges and amounts due from other governments. Allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. At April 30, 2014, this allowance was estimated at \$9,163.

F. Other Assets

Inventory

Inventory items are reported at cost using the average cost method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Prepaid Costs

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid costs. Prepaid costs are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with a cost of \$2,500 or more. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is not included as part of the capitalized cost.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized using the straight line method over the estimated useful life. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

<u>Depreciable Asset</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Dams and hydroelectric plants	30-100 years
Buildings and improvements	10-35 years
Bridges	20-50 years
Equipment	5-25 years
Meters and Gauges	15 years

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Capital Assets (Continued)

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

H. Unearned Revenue

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when it is earned. When assets are recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete, those assets are offset by a corresponding liability for unearned revenue.

I. Customer Deposits

The District collects cash deposits from customers equal to \$5 per acre of land to be irrigated. These deposits are applied to customer billings once water delivery occurs.

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. At April 30, 2014, the District did not have any deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At April 30, 2014, the District did not have any deferred inflows of resources.

K. Compensated Absences and Postemployment Benefits

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation leave which vests with the employee and will be paid upon separation from District service. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term debt in the financial statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. Un the financial statements, the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. The District did not include its share of social security and medicare taxes payable on behalf of the employees in the accrual of compensated absences, however, this amount is not considered material.

The District does not currently provide postemployment benefits.

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Property Tax

Yolo County is responsible for the collection and allocation of property taxes. Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the County of Yolo up to 1 percent of the full cash value of taxable property, plus other increases approved by the voters and distributed in accordance with statutory formulas.

The valuation/lien date for all property taxes is January 1. Secured property tax is due in two installments: the first is due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Unsecured property taxes are due on March 1, and become delinquent, if unpaid on August 31.

The County uses the alternative method of property tax apportionment known as the “Teeter Plan”. Under this method of property tax apportionment, the County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties.

M. Grant Revenues

Certain grant revenues are recognized when specified related expenditures have been incurred. In other grant programs, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are only revocable for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These revenues are recognized at the time of receipt, or earlier if susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Cash received prior to incurrence of the related expenditure is recorded as unearned revenue.

N. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements (GASB)

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements have been implemented, if applicable to Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, in the current financial statements.

Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements. This statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to service concession arrangements.

Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. The statement clarifies the reporting of equity interest in legally separate organizations and requires the primary government to report its equity interest in a component unit as an asset.

Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections - 2012 - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62. This statement improved accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of GASB Statements No. 54 and No. 62.

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Financial Statement Presentation

As of April 30, 2014, the District's cash and investments consisted of the following:

Cash:	
Cash on hand	\$ 350
Deposits (less outstanding checks)	<u>96,686</u>
Total Cash	<u>97,036</u>
Investments:	
Yolo County Treasurer's Pool	404,245
Local Agency Investment Fund	<u>5,321,175</u>
Total Investments	<u>5,725,420</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u><u>\$ 5,822,456</u></u>

B. Cash

At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash deposits (including amount in the checking account) was \$96,686 and the bank balance was \$111,426. The difference between the bank balance and the carrying amount represents outstanding checks and deposits in transit. In addition the District had cash on hand of \$350.

Custodial Credit Risk For Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District complies with the requirements of the California Government Code. Under this code, deposits of more than \$250,000 must be collateralized at 105 percent to 150 percent of the value of the deposit to guarantee the safety of the public funds. The District does not have a formal investment policy that further limits its deposits.

C. Investments

Investments are selected based on safety, liquidity and yield. The District's investment policy is more restrictive than the California Government Code. Under the provisions of the District's investment policy and the California Government Code, the District may invest or deposit in the following:

- Local Agency bonds, US Treasury Obligations, State of California Obligations, CA Local Agency Obligations and US Agencies
- Banker's Acceptances
- Commercial Paper
- Commercial Paper - Cities & Counties
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- Repurchase Agreements
- Reverse Repurchase Agreements
- Medium Term Notes

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Investments (Continued)

Mutual Funds as permitted by the Government Code
Collateralized Bank Deposits
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities
Time Deposits
County Pooled Investment Funds
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk of loss due to the fair value of an investment falling due to interest rates rising. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. To limit exposure to fair value losses resulting from increases in interest rates, the District's investment policy limits investment maturities to a term appropriate to the need for funds so as to permit the District to meet all projected obligations. The District limits its exposure to interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by limiting individual maturities to 5 years or less.

As of April 30, 2014, the District had the following investments, all of which had a maturity of 5 years or less:

	Interest Rates	Maturities		Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
		0-1 years	1-5 years		
Yolo County Treasury	Variable	\$ 404,245	\$ -	\$ 404,245	-
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Variable	<u>5,321,175</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,321,175</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Investments		<u>\$ 5,725,420</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,725,420</u>	<u>-</u>

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment policy sets specific parameters by type of investment to be met at the time of purchase. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code or the District's investment policy and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

Investment Type	Minimum Legal Rating	Standard & Poor's Rating	Moody's Rating	% of Portfolio
County of Yolo	N/A	Unrated	Unrated	7.06%
LAIF	N/A	Unrated	Unrated	<u>92.94%</u>
Total				<u>100.00%</u>

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investments in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer of securities. When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration presents a heightened risk of potential loss. The District's investment policy contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. All investments of the District are in the Local Agency Investment Fund and the Yolo County Treasurer's pool which contain a diversification of investments.

D. Investments in External Investment Pools

Investment in Local Agency Investment Fund - The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code and is managed by the Treasurer of the State of California. The Local Investment Advisory Board (LAIF Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The LAIF Board consists of five members as designated by state statute. Investments in LAIF are available on demand and are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The fair value of the District's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pooled shares. At April 30, 2014, the District's investment position in LAIF was \$5,321,175. The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF on that day was \$63,177,661,037. Of that amount, 98.49% was invested in non-derivative financial products, and 1.51% in structured notes and asset-backed securities.

Investment in Yolo County Investment Pool - The District is a participant in the Yolo County Investment Pool which is managed by the Yolo County Treasurer. On a quarterly basis, interest is allocated to participants based on average daily balances. The Yolo County Treasury Oversight Committee oversees the Treasurer's investments and policies. Investments held in the County's investment pool are available on demand and are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The fair value of the District's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pooled shares. Information regarding categorization of investments and other deposit and investment risk disclosures can be found in Yolo County's financial statements. The County of Yolo's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the County of Yolo Auditor Controller's office at 625 Court Street, Room 102, Woodland, CA 95695.

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended April 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance May 1, 2013	Additions	Retirements	Transfers Adjustments	Balance April 30, 2014
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land and Land Rights	\$ 3,123,211	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,123,211
Construction in Progress	<u>583,388</u>	<u>381,657</u>	<u>(34,559)</u>	<u>(235,354)</u>	<u>695,132</u>
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	<u>3,706,599</u>	<u>381,657</u>	<u>(34,559)</u>	<u>(235,354)</u>	<u>3,818,343</u>
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Source of Supply	19,332,905	-	-	-	19,332,905
Transmission and Distribution Plant	11,836,556	-	(7,665)	155,316	11,984,207
General Plant	<u>4,208,901</u>	<u>86,719</u>	<u>(20,643)</u>	<u>80,038</u>	<u>4,355,015</u>
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	<u>35,378,362</u>	<u>86,719</u>	<u>(28,308)</u>	<u>235,354</u>	<u>35,672,127</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Source of Supply	(7,989,139)	(339,601)	-	-	(8,328,740)
Transmission and Distribution Plant	(3,851,258)	(248,599)	1,510	-	(4,098,347)
General Plant	<u>(2,883,294)</u>	<u>(238,597)</u>	<u>19,274</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,102,617)</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(14,723,691)</u>	<u>(826,797)</u>	<u>20,784</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(15,529,704)</u>
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	<u>20,654,671</u>	<u>(740,078)</u>	<u>(7,524)</u>	<u>235,354</u>	<u>20,142,423</u>
Total Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$24,361,270</u>	<u>(\$ 358,421)</u>	<u>(\$ 42,083)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 23,960,766</u>

Depreciation

Depreciation expense of \$826,797 was charged to operations.

NOTE 4: UNEARNED REVENUE

At April 30, 2014, the District had unearned revenue reported as follows:

Pilot program payments received in advance	\$ 28,236
Total Unearned Revenue	<u>\$ 28,236</u>

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of all long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended April 30, 2014:

	Balance May 1, 2013	Additions	Retirements	Balance April 30, 2014	Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 127,125	\$ 108,758	(\$ 128,199)	\$ 107,684	\$ 75,525
Loans Payable	<u>3,685,552</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(161,711)</u>	<u>3,523,841</u>	<u>166,078</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,812,677</u>	<u>\$ 108,758</u>	<u>(\$ 289,910)</u>	<u>\$ 3,631,525</u>	<u>\$ 241,603</u>

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Individual issues of debt payable outstanding at April 30, 2014, are as follows:

Loans Payable:

State Water Resources Control Board Loan issued March 9, 2011, in the amount of \$4,220,712 with an interest rate of 2.7%, due in annual installments of \$152,102 to \$245,698 and maturity on December 15, 2030. The loan was used to finance improvements to transmission and distribution plant.

Total Loans Payable	\$ <u>3,523,841</u>
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ <u>3,523,841</u>

Following is a schedule of debt payment requirements of business-type activities to maturity for long-term debt, excluding compensated absences that have indefinite maturities.

Year Ending April 30	Loans		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 166,078	\$ 95,143	\$ 261,221
2016	170,562	90,659	261,221
2017	175,167	86,054	261,221
2018	179,896	81,325	261,221
2019	184,754	76,467	261,221
2019-2023	1,001,342	304,764	1,306,106
2024-2028	1,144,022	162,084	1,306,106
2029-2032	502,020	20,422	522,442
Total	\$ 3,523,841	\$ 916,918	\$ 4,440,759

NOTE 6: NET POSITION

The proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position - All other net position that does not meet the definition of “restricted” or “net investment in capital assets”.

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 6: NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Net Position Flow Assumption

When a government funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, it is considered that restricted resources are used first, followed by the unrestricted resources.

NOTE 7: EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT PLAN

A. Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The District administers the Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Money Purchase Pension Plan, a single-employer money purchase defined contribution plan, which is funded exclusively through the purchase of annuity contracts. The District contributes 7% of wages to the plan. During the fiscal years ended April 30, 2014 and 2013, the District contributed \$107,964 and \$110,913 respectively.

The District has established a deferred compensation plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Employees may authorize voluntary payroll deductions from \$10 to an annual maximum of \$15,000 or 100% of wages, whichever is less. As part of the Money Purchase Pension Plan described above, the District matches 50% of the employees deferred compensation contribution up to a maximum of 6% of the employee's compensation. Employees individually direct the investment of their funds from an assortment of available investment options within the plan portfolio. For the fiscal years ended April 30, 2014 and 2013, the District contributed to the deferred compensation plan \$39,298 and \$34,483 respectively.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Yolo Flood Control and Water Conservation District is a member of the Association of California Water Agencies - Joint Powers Insurance Authority (JPIA). The JPIA's members have pooled funds to be self insured for liability, property, underground storage tank (UST), pollution liability, and workers compensation insurance. The District participates in the liability, property, and workers compensation programs. The District also purchases excess fidelity coverage.

The District's auto and general liability program has a zero deductible and the property program has deductibles of \$500 to \$1,000.

There are no significant reductions in insurance coverage from prior years and there have been no settlements exceeding the insurance coverages for each of the past three years.

No additional liability has been accrued at April 30, 2014, based on the requirements of GASB Code Section C50.110, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

YOLO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended April 30, 2014

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years and no additional liability has been accrued at April 30, 2014, based on the requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 9: OTHER INFORMATION

A. Commitments and Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

B. Subsequent Events

The District entered into a Proposition 50 grant agreement to finance the Winters Main Canal Modernization Project. The plan will be completed during the 2014-15 fiscal year.

The District is in the process of selling land and the expected closing date is July 15, 2014.

Management has evaluated events subsequent to April 30, 2014 through July 21, 2014, the date on which the financial statements were available for issuance. Management has determined no other subsequent events requiring disclosure have occurred.

OTHER REPORT

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Board of Directors
Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District
Woodland, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the proprietary fund of Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, Woodland, California (District), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 21, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

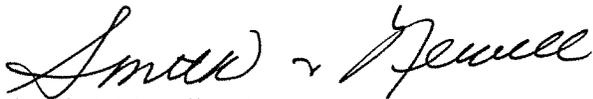
To the Board of Directors
Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District
Woodland, California

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Smith & Newell". The signature is written in black ink and is positioned above the printed name of the firm.

Smith & Newell, CPAs
Yuba City, California
July 21, 2014